

Women's History Month had its origins as a national celebration in 1981 when Congress passed Public Law 97-28 which authorized and requested the President to proclaim the week beginning March 7, 1982 as "Women's History Week." Throughout the next five years, Congress continued to pass joint resolutions designating a week in March as "Women's History Week." In 1987 after being petitioned by the National Women's History Project, Congress passed Public Law 100-9 which designated the month of March 1987 as "Women's History Month." Between 1988 and 1994, Congress passed additional resolutions requesting and authorizing the President to proclaim March of each year as Women's History Month. Since 1995, Presidents Clinton, Bush and Obama have issued a series of annual proclamations designating the month of March as "Women's History Month."<sup>1</sup>

## Women Who Rocked Albany...

Albany Women have always rocked the cradle of history: Maria Van Rensselaer who managed the Manor of Rensselaerwyck after the death of her husband Jeremias, Mother Ann Lee who started the Shaker community in Watervliet, Eleanor Roosevelt, whose work in the national spotlight shines along with her husband's, and Kathy Sheehan, the first woman mayor of the city of Albany.

These women, as well as so many more unsung heroes, past and present, help to vindicate women's claim to a place in Albany's history.

We thank all of you.

### **Maria Van Rensselaer...**

Maria Van Cortlandt Van Rensselaer was born in New Amsterdam in 1645. When she was twenty-nine, her husband died, leaving her a single parent of six children and directress of the large manor of Rensselaerswijck. Her letters to her father, brother and brother-in-law reveal the strain on her as she struggled to manage this burden, while holding on to her family's inheritance.

The Albany County Hall of Records holds Farm Surveys of the Rensselaerswijck Manor, books of descriptions of boundaries and plat maps of lots situated in both the East Manor and West Manor of Rensselaerswijck. Most of the surveys include a map and land dimensions given in chains. Property boundaries are indicated by physical surroundings, like trees, creeks, "a heap of stones" or neighboring farms.

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<sup>1</sup> From the Law Library of Congress' guide to the legislative history of Women's History Month:  
<http://womenshistorymonth.gov/about.html>



Translation: Deed Book 3, April 7, 1679, page 24.

Correspondence of Maria van Rensselaer, 1669-1689. Translated and edited by A. J. F. Van Laer. Albany, University of the State of New York, 1935.

Appeared before me, Ro. Livingston, secretary of Albany, Colony of Rensselaerwyck and Schaenhechtady, in presence of the Honorable Mr. Dirk Wessells and Mr. Cornelius van Dyke, magistrates of said jurisdiction, the Honorable Captain Phillip Schuyler, who declared that he grants, conveys and makes over in true, rightful and free ownership to and for the behoof of Madam Maria van Rensselaer, widow of the late Jeremias Van Rensselaer, deceased, a certain house and lot standing and lying here in Albany on Jonkeer Street, between the houses of Adriaan Gerritse and Maritie Dame, bounded and limited according to the patent thereof, of date the 13<sup>th</sup> of August 1668, from the right Honorable Rich: Nichols, which he, the grantor, does by virtue of a conveyance received by him from Capt. Thom: Willet, of date 2<sup>nd</sup> September 1671, free and unincumbered, without any charges on, or issuing out of the same (saving the lord's right) and without the grantor's making any further claim in the least thereto, acknowledging himself to be fully paid and satisfied therefore, the first penny with the last, giving therefore *plenam actionem cessam* and full power to the aforesaid Maria van Rensselaer, her heirs, successors, or assigns to do with and dispose of the aforesaid house and lot as she might do with her own patrimonial estate and effects, promising to warrant and defend the same against all persons whatsoever claiming any right, title, or interest in the same, as in justice he is bound to do, and furthermore never to do nor cause anything to be done contrary hereto, either with or without legal proceedings in any manner whatsoever binding himself thereto as by law provided. Done in Albany, the 7<sup>th</sup> of April 1679.

*Philip Schuyler*

*Dirck Wesselsz*

*Cornelius van Dyck*

## Ann Lee, founding Leader ...

Ann Lee was born on February 29, 1736 in Manchester, England to John Lees, a blacksmith, and a devout Quaker mother. Lee grew up extremely poor and did not attend school. She instead worked in industrial mills as a child. In 1761, Lee married Abraham Standerin and gave birth to four children, all of whom died in infancy. As a young woman she became involved in a religious sect led by former Quakers which embraced a style of worship involving shouting, singing and dancing. Lee was an active member of the society dubbed by outsiders as the “Shaking Quakers” or “Shakers” and came to be viewed as its spiritual leader.

Lee and her followers faced constant persecution and imprisonment as a result of embracing an eccentric style of worship and it was while imprisoned, that Lee had several religious revelations, one of which led to her decision to leave England and establish the Shakers in America. Ann Lee, her husband (who abandoned her soon after arriving in America) and a small group of followers traveled aboard the *Mariah* and landed in New York on August 6, 1774. The group eventually settled in the town of Watervliet (present day Colonie) and began looking for converts. In the spring of 1781, Mother Ann, as she was often referred to as by her followers and other members of her religious society began a missionary journey throughout New England in an attempt to gain new followers; the journey lasted two years and resulted in the conversion of many individuals.



Gravestone of the founder of the American Shakers, Mother Ann Lee. Courtesy of the Shaker Heritage Society, Albany, New York.

Lee died on September 8, 1784 but the United Society of Believers in Christ's Second Appearing (the official name of the Shaker sect) continued to flourish throughout New York, New England and other areas in America. Many people found appeal in the four Shaker tenets: confession of sin, celibacy, separation from the outside world, and common ownership of property. They also greatly respected Lee's belief in gender/racial equality and pacifism. At their peak in 1840, the Shakers consisted of more than 6,000 members in 19 Shaker villages. Growth of cities, mass production and the inability to reproduce led to the decline of the Shaker community; presently there are only a few existing members, all of whom live in a small village in Maine. Today the Shakers are primarily remembered for their cultural contributions (furniture and music) and progressive views on equality.

The Watervliet Shaker Village was established in 1787, the second organized United Society of Believers. At its height, the community contained over 300 members and held 2,000 acres of land. Mother Ann Lee and several other prominent Shaker leaders and members are buried in the Watervliet Shaker Historic District, much of which has been preserved and restored

by the Shaker Heritage Society through donations. The Albany County Hall of Records preserves several records pertaining to the Watervliet Shakers, such as deeds for land sold and purchased by the United Society of Believers, building blueprints, land surveys and property maps.

00-02602 Office of the County Clerk, Deed Book 64, 1839, Pages 304 and 305.

Copy of deed for 225 acres of land, purchased by the Shakers from Stephen Van Rensselaer, the last patroon of Rensselaerwyck, in the town of Watervliet. Deed recorded, September 10, 1839, by the Commissioner of Deeds, William A. Young.

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and premises hereby released and conveyed to the said Halsey Woodruff, his heirs and assigns to his and their own proper use and behoof forever. In Witness Whereof, the said parties of the first part have hereunto affixed their corporate seal this day and year above written.

Sealed and delivered in presence of  
L.S. Van Rensselaer Sec'y

Ja: Stevenson, President of the  
Firemans Insurance Company of the  
City of Albany

State of New York, Albany County ss.: On this seventh day of September 1839 personally appeared before me James Stevenson to us known who acknowledged to have executed this instrument as President of the Firemans Insurance Company of the City of Albany for the use and purposes therein mentioned, and that the seal herein impressed is the corporate seal of said Company.

C. B. Lansing Comr. &c.

Recorded September 9th  
1839 at ½ past 10 o'clock A.M.

H. B. Haswell Clk.

This indenture made the twenty eighth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty nine Between Stephen Van Rensselaer Esquire of the City and County of Albany and Harriet his wife of the first part, and Stephen Wells and Justus Harwood Trustees of the United Society called Shakers of the Town of Watervliet in the County of Albany of the second part. Witnesseth, That the said parties of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of three thousand dollars lawful money of the United States of America, to them in hand paid, by the said parties of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby confessed and acknowledged Have granted, aliened, remise, released, enfeoffed and confirmed and by these presents do grant, alien, remise, release, enfeoff and confirm unto the said parties of the second part and to their successors and assigns forever, All that certain farm, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the town of Watervliet and County of Albany aforesaid, Bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a soft maple stake standing in the south west corner of the farm formerly surveyed for Jacob Groot, and runs from said stake south thirty five degrees west twenty chains fifty links to a stake ten links south of a large pitch pine tree, then south fifty degrees thirty minutes west eleven chains thirty links to a chestnut stake, then south forty three degrees East seven chains fifteen links to an ash stake; then south twenty one degree west five chains thirteen links to a chestnut stake, then south fifty one degree thirty minutes east sixteen chains ninety five links to a chestnut stake, then south thirty four degrees thirty minutes east eighteen chains twenty links to a pitch pine stump, then south sixty two degrees east twenty five chains twelve links to a chestnut stake, then north thirty three degrees east five chains thirty links to a chestnut stake in the south west corner of the farm formerly surveyed for William Minor; then north two degrees fifteen minutes east six chains to a soft maple stake.

then north eight degrees east Eleven chains to a stake, then north nine degrees thirty minutes west thirty eight chains fifty links to a black stake, then north nine degrees forty five minutes west three chains seventy nine links to a chestnut stake and stones and then north seventy two degrees west twenty six chains sixty nine links to the place of beginning containing two hundred and twenty five acres of land all which courses are to be run as the magnetic needle pointed in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty two, excepting and reserving all public roads or highways that are laid out or running through the aforesaid premises. Together with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof; and all the estate, right, title, interest, claim and demand whatsoever of the said parties of the first part, either in law or equity of, in and to the above granted premises, with the said hereditaments and appurtenances. To Have And To Hold the above mentioned and described premises, with the appurtenances and every part and parcel thereof, to the said parties of the second part their successors and assigns, forever, In trust for the United Society called Shakers of the Town of Watervliet in the County of Albany, and for the use and benefit of the members of the said Society for themselves, their heirs, executors and administrators, Do Covenant, Grant, bargain, promise, and agree, to and with the said parties of the second part their successors and assigns, to Warrant and forever to defend, the above granted premises, and every part and parcel thereof, now being in the quiet and peaceable possession of the said parties of the second part; against the said parties of the first part, their heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, and against all and every other person or persons claiming or to claim the said premises or any part thereof. In Witness Whereof, the said parties of the first part, have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Sealed and Delivered in the presence of  
The word "heirs" in the 14th line from the top  
of 1st page erased. The word heirs erased

S. Van Rensselaer L.S.  
H. Van Rensselaer L.S.

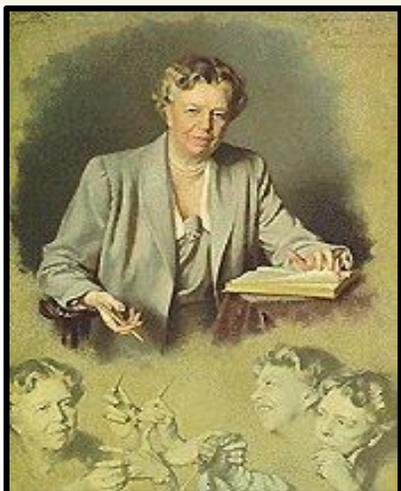
from the 7th line of 2nd page, also the words "and the said" erased from same line, and the word "heirs" erased from the 14th line of 2nd page, previous to execution. W. A. Young  
State of New York, City of Albany ss.: On this tenth day of September in the year One thousand

eight hundred and thirty nine before me personally came Stephen Van Rensselaer and Harriet his wife, to me known to be the same persons described in and who executed the annexed Indenture and who severally acknowledged that they executed the same for the uses and purposes therein mentioned. And the said Harriet, wife of the said Stephen Van Rensselaer, on a private examination by me separate and apart from her husband acknowledged that she executed the said Indenture freely and voluntarily and without any fear, threat or compulsion of her said husband.

William A. Young, Commissioner of Deeds.

Recorded at  $\frac{1}{2}$  before 3 o'clock P.M.

H. B. Haswell Clk.



White House portrait of Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt

Eleanor Roosevelt was born in New York City in 1884. She married her fifth cousin, Franklin Delano Roosevelt, in 1905 and gave birth to six children, one of whom died in infancy.

Eleanor Roosevelt's public and very selfless career began in Albany when her husband was elected Governor of New York State in 1928 and 1930 for two, two-year terms. The couple lived at 326-328 Western Avenue and Eleanor regularly made public appearances on his behalf. In doing so, Eleanor shaped the role of First Lady during her tenure and beyond.

After her husband's election to the presidency in 1933, Mrs. Roosevelt became the first, First Lady to hold a news conference, and to publish a widely-read syndicated column "My Day." Serving as assistant director of civilian defense at the outbreak of World War II, Eleanor supported increased roles for women in the war effort, and began to advocate for factory jobs to be given to women a year before it became a widespread practice. In 1942, she urged women of all social backgrounds to learn trades, saying "if I were of a debutante age I would go into a factory-any factory where I could learn a skill and be useful".

Mrs. Roosevelt became an advocate of the rights and needs of the poor, of minorities, and of the disadvantaged. As a delegate to the United Nations, she helped secure passage of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and was the first chairperson of President Kennedy's Commission on the Status of Women in 1961.

Eleanor Roosevelt died in 1962 and is buried next to her husband in Hyde Park, New York.

Albany...

Along with all of her national and international duties, Eleanor Roosevelt was always on hand to accompany her famous husband in his political activities. Here at the Capitol in Albany,

New York in a photo from 1930, the Roosevelts welcome Admiral Richard E. Byrd after his expedition to the South Pole.



05-04807 City Engineer, Public works negatives, 1930-1949, photo #573. Albany County Hall of Records

### **Albany, New York and the Right to Vote...**

On November 6, 1917, New York became one of the first eastern states to grant suffrage to women. As a result, the Legislature of 1918 made amendments to New York's Election Law, one of which called for a special enrollment of women voters. Section 574 provided that on the fourth Saturday of May, 1918, (May 25) two inspectors of election, one Democrat and one Republican, chosen by the Board of Elections for each election district in the cities of Albany, Cohoes and Watervliet enroll women with the political party of their choice. 17, 100 women voters personally appeared to enroll: Albany, 13,226; Cohoes, 2,195; and Watervliet, 1, 679. Section 572 of the Election Law provided for the enrollment of women voters in towns containing 5,000 inhabitants. Women could enroll in the political party of their choice by filling out an enrollment blank between May 15 and June 15, 1918. 5, 482 women from the ten towns in Albany County that met the criteria, enrolled. A combined total of 22, 582 women from the cities and towns of Albany County enrolled. All women in the U.S. were eventually granted voting rights when the 19<sup>th</sup> Amendment to the Constitution, which prohibited citizens from being denied the right to vote based on gender, was ratified in 1920.

**14-01792 Board of Election, Enrollment of Voters: Enrollment of Women, City of Albany, 1918.** Volume is arranged alphabetically, by ward and district, and includes the individual's name, address and party affiliation. Below, pages 20-21 from the Tenth Ward - Fourth District:

R			W		
Rudd, Aimee A.	373 State St.	Rep.	Wynkoop, Mrs. May S.	335 State St.	Rep.
Richman, Mary L.	321 State St.	Rep.	Ward, C. A.	248 Washington Ave.	Rep.
Robinson, Susan	124 Lexington Ave.	Rep.	Wands, Louise A.	4 Spring St.	Rep.
Roth, Alice	83 Spring St.	Rep.	Wisenhoffer, Rose M.	281 Washington Ave.	Rep.
Ryden, Louise	317 State St.	Rep.	Waterman, Ruth Edith	7 No. Boulevard	Rep.
Rynn, Catherine A.	195 Lark St.	Dem.	Walker, Ada C.	423 State St.	Rep.
Rynn, Lillian M.	195 Lark St.	Rep.	Walker, Francis	423 State St.	Rep.
Risley, Mrs. Catherine M.	455 State St.	Rep.	Wing, Helen	441 State St.	Rep.
Ruhl, Mrs. Marie	42 Central Ave.	Rep.	Wright, H. R.	393 State St.	Prob.
			Welsh, Ella Mae	70 Central Ave.	Rep.
S			Whitaker, Margaret	308 Washington Ave.	Dem.
Smith, Mrs. Jessie C.	246 Washington Ave.	Rep.	Weaver, Clara V.	276 Washington Ave.	Rep.
Spencer, Mabel L.	306 Washington Ave.	Rep.	Wing, Cornelia B.	441 State St.	Rep.
Snyder, Josephine	288 Washington Ave.	Rep.	Walsh, Mary E.	44 Spring St.	Rep.
Simon, Alma Ida	278 Washington Ave.	Rep.	Wareing, Anna	300 Washington Ave.	Rep.
Simon, Eliza	278 Washington Ave.	Rep.	Winter, Catharina	234 Washington Ave.	Rep.
Siver, Nellie	70 Central Ave.	Prob.	Wilsie, Charlotta	315 Washington Ave.	Dem.
Scott, Isabel	285 Washington Ave.	Rep.	Whalen, Martha J.	73 Spring St.	Rep.
Shafer, Mabel H.	232 Washington Ave.	Rep.	Winyard, Caroline Elizabeth	76 Spring St.	Rep.
Smith, Helen	5 Sprague Pl.	Rep.	Wooley, Miss Lula	6 Spring St.	Rep.
Straub, Margaret	76 Spring St.	Rep.	Wooley, Carrie	6 Spring St.	Rep.
Sheiman, Sarah	220 Washington Ave.	Rep.			
Spaulding, Sarah	185 Lark St.	Rep.	Y		
Strong, L. S.	238 Washington Ave.	Rep.	Youngs, Mrs. Olive B.	325 Washington Ave.	Rep.
Stafford, Lotta	70 Spring St.	Rep.			
Stevens, Martha B.	48 Spring St.	Rep.	CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT BY INSPECTORS WHERE REGISTRATION IS PERSONAL.		
Sard, Marion K.	397 State St.	Rep.	We, the undersigned, Inspectors of Election of the Fourth Election District of the Tenth Ward of the City of Albany, do hereby severally certify, and declare, pursuant to the provisions of the Election Law, that the persons shown by the within original enrollment books beginning with number —, constitute all the women who offered in person and were entitled to enroll in the election district on the twenty-fifth day of May, 1918.		
Selfridge, Pauline M.	298 Washington Ave.	Rep.	And we do further certify and declare that the number of the last enrollment blank used on the twenty-fifth day of May, 1918, was No. —		
Stewart, Mary	204 Lark St.	Rep.	Dated Albany, N. Y., May 25, 1918.		
Stephens, Ruth I.	359 State St.	Dem.	WALTER BECKERLE, W. P. SULLIVAN, <i>inspectors.</i>		
Stapleton, Katherine	285 Washington Ave.	Rep.	STATE OF NEW YORK, } COUNTY OF ALBANY, } ss.: City of Albany, }		
Sexton, Nellie B.	1 No. Boulevard	Rep.	Walter Beckerle and W. P. Sullivan being severally duly sworn, depose and say and each for himself says, is a regularly constituted inspector of elections in the district mentioned in the foregoing declaration, that he has read and subscribed the said declaration and that the same is true to the knowledge of deponent.		
Smith, Grace D.	68 Central Ave.	Rep.	WALTER BECKERLE, W. P. SULLIVAN, <i>Inspectors.</i>		
Spencer, Mrs. Wilhelmina	306 Washington Ave.	Rep.			
Swett, Mrs. Susan L.	95 Spring St.	Rep.			
Strong, Irene	238 Washington Ave.	Rep.			
T					
Townsend, Jane L. T.	204 Lark St.	Rep.			
Tucker, May N.	459 State St.	Rep.			
Tegler, Agnes	301 Washington Ave.	Rep.			
Tower, Catherine D.	341 State St.	Rep.			
Thayer, Mrs. Helen B.	68 Spring St.	Prob.			
Tower, Florence	341 State St.	Rep.			
Tedford, Olive B.	218 Washington Ave.	Rep.			
Tedford, Katherine H.	218 Washington Ave.	Rep.			
U					
Ullman, Mabel H.	92 Central Ave.	Rep.			
V					
Van Rensselaer, Louisa	385 State St.	Rep.			
Van Loon, Caroline	27 Dove St.	Rep.			

## Albany's first female Mayor...

Per the provisions of the original City Charter, issued by Governor Thomas Dongan in 1686, until 1779, the mayors of Albany were appointed by the royal governor of New York,

From 1779 until 1839, mayors were chosen by the New York State's Council of Appointment, typically for a one-year term that began in September. From 1840 on, Albany's Mayors were directly elected by its residents. Beginning in 1886, mayoral terms began on January 1 of the year after the Mayor was elected. A total of 74 men and one woman have served as mayor since Albany's founding charter.



**Katherine "Kathy" Sheehan** (born December 5, 1963) is the current Mayor of Albany New York. Prior to being elected mayor, Sheehan was City Treasurer. Sheehan graduated from Albany Law School and started her legal career as an attorney in the Albany office of Bond, Schoeneck & King. In 1996, she joined Intermagnetics General Corporation, a leading medical device manufacturer based in Latham. As vice president, general counsel and corporate secretary, Kathy helped grow the company from 500 employees to more than 1,200 as well as millions of dollars in sales. On September 10, 2013, she won the Democratic primary for Mayor of Albany. She later won the general election and became the **75<sup>th</sup>** and **first** female Mayor of Albany.

Mayor	Start	End	Mayor	Start	End
<b>Seventeenth Century</b>			<b>Nineteenth Century (cont..)</b>		
Pieter Schuyler	1686	1694	Francis Bloodgood	1831	1832
Johannes Abeel	1694	1695	John Townsend	1832	1832
Evert Bancker	1695	1696	Francis Bloodgood	1833	1833
Dirck Wesselse Ten Broeck	1696	1698	Erastus Corning	1834	1837
Hendrick Hansen	1698	1699	Teunis Van Vechten	1837	1839
Peter Van Brugh	1699	1700	Jared Lewis Rathbone	1839	1841
<b>Eighteenth Century</b>			Teunis Van Vechten	1841	1842
Jan Jansen Bleecker	1700	1701	Barent Philip Staats	1842	1843
Johannes Bleecker, Jr.	1701	1702	Friend Humphrey	1843	1845
Albert Janse Ryckman	1702	1708	John Keyes Paige	1845	1846
Johannes Schuyler	1708		William Parmelee	1846	1848
David Davidse Schuyler	1706	1707	John Taylor	1848	1849
Evert Bancker	1707	1709	Friend Humphrey	1849	1850
Johannes Abeel	1709	1710	Franklin Townsend	1850	1851
Robert Livingston the Younger	1710	1719	Eli Perry	1851	1854
Myndert Schuyler	1719	1720	William Parmelee	1854	1856
Pieter Van Brugh	1720	1723	Charles Watson Godard	1856	1856
Myndert Schuyler	1723	1725	Eli Perry	1856	1860
Johannes Cuyler	1725	1726	George Hornell Thacher	1860	1862
Rutger Bleecker	1726	1729	Eli Perry	1862	1866
Johannes DePeyster	1729	1731	George Hornell Thacher	1866	1868

Mayor	Start	End	Mayor	Start	End
Johannes "Hans" Hansen	1731	1732	Charles Edward Bleecker	1868	1870
Johannes DePeyster	1732	1732	George Hornell Thacher	1870	1874
Edward Holland	1733	1740	John G. Burch	1874	1874
Johannes Schuyler, Jr.	1740	1741	Edmund L. Judson	1874	1876
Johannes DePeyster	1741	1742	Anthony Bleecker Banks	1876	1878
Cornelis Cuyler	1742	1746	Michael N. Nolan	1878	1883
Dirck Ten Broeck	1746	1748	John Swinburne	1883	1884
Jacob Coenraedt Ten Eyck	1748	1750	Anthony Bleecker Banks	1884	1886
Robert Sanders	1750	1754	John Boyd Thacher	1886	1888
Johannes (Hans) Hansen	1754	1756	Edward Augustin Maher	1888	1890
Sybrant Gozen Van Schaick	1756	1761	James Hilton Manning	1890	1894
Volckert Petrus Douw	1761	1770	Oren Elbridge Wilson	1894	1895
Abraham Cornelis Cuyler	1770	1778	John Boyd Thacher	1896	1897
John Barclay	1778	1779	Thomas J. Van Alstyne	1898	1899
Abraham Ten Broeck	1779	1783	<b>Twentieth Century</b>		
Johannes Jacobse Beeckman	1783	1786	James Henry Blessing	1900	1901
John Lansing, Jr.	1786	1790	Charles H. Gaus	1902	1908
Abraham Yates, Jr.	1790	1796	Henry F. Snyder	1909	1909
Abraham Ten Broeck	1796	1798	James B. McEwan	1910	1913
Philip S. Van Rensselaer	1799	1816	Joseph William Stevens	1914	1917
<b>Nineteenth Century</b>			James R. Watt	1918	1921
Elisha Jenkins	1816	1819	William Stormont Hackett	1922	1926
Philip Schuyler Van Rensselaer	1819	1820	John Boyd Thacher II	1927	1940
Charles E. Dudley	1821	1824	Herman F. Hoogkamp	1940	1941
Ambrose Spencer	1824	1826	Erastus Corning 2nd	1942	1983
James Stevenson	1826	1828	Frank Salisbury Harris	1944	1945
Charles E. Dudley	1828	1829	Thomas Michael Whalen III	1983	1993
John Townsend	1829	1830	Gerald D. Jennings	1994	2013
			<b>Kathy Sheehan</b>	<b>2014</b>	